

BINOMIAL EXPANSION

Investigation

Part 1:

Expand each of the following (use the long method to be safe) and simplify fully:

1. $(a + b)^2$
2. $(a - b)^2$
3. $(a + b)^3$ { hint $(a + b)^3 = (a + b)(a + b)^2$ }
4. $(a - b)^3$
5. $(a + b)^4$ { hint $(a + b)^4 = (a + b)(a + b)^3$ }
6. $(a - b)^4$

Part 2:

Organize the results above in a table as shown below:

Power of Binomial, n	Binomial $(a + b)^n$	Expansion	# of terms	Coefficients
0	$(a + b)^0$	1	1	1
0	$(a - b)^0$	1	1	1
1	$(a + b)^1$	$a + b$	2	1,1
	$(a - b)^1$	$a - b$	2	1,-1
	$(a + b)^2$...		1,2,1
	$(a - b)^2$			1,-2,1

	$(a - b)^4$...

Part 3:

Observations:

Write observations by completing the statements below:

- i. the number of terms in each expansion is ...
- ii. the powers of a are ...
- iii. the powers of b are
- iv. the combined powers of a and b ...
- v. the coefficients for $(a + b)^n$ and $(a - b)^n$ are the excepts that the signs coefficients of $(a - b)^n$...
- vi. the coefficients of the terms in the expansion of $(a + b)^n$ can be written in a triangle as:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 1 \\
 1 \quad 1 \\
 1 \quad 2 \quad 1
 \end{array}$$

This triangle is called PASCAL'S TRIANGLE

Part 4:

Using the pattern you observe to write what you would expect the following to simplify to:

1. $(a + b)^5$
2. $(a - b)^5$