

**Introduction to Sequences****Find the next three terms in each sequence.**

1)  $1, -3, 9, -27, 81, \dots$

2)  $9, 109, 209, 309, 409, \dots$

3)  $0, 3, 8, 15, 24, \dots$

4)  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{32}, \dots$

5)  $4, 16, 36, 64, 100, \dots$

6)  $14, 34, 54, 74, 94, \dots$

7)  $5, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{16}, \dots$

8)  $-9, 101, -999, 10001, -99999, \dots$

**Find the tenth term in each sequence.**

9)  $-1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, 4, \frac{17}{3}, \dots$

10)  $-2, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{6}{5}, -1, -\frac{6}{7}, \dots$

11)  $-2, -6, -18, -54, -162, \dots$

12)  $-23, -18, -13, -8, -3, \dots$

13)  $-4, 12, -36, 108, -324, \dots$

14)  $-6, -2, 0, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \dots$

15)  $-28, 172, 372, 572, 772, \dots$

16)  $37, 46, 55, 64, 73, \dots$

**Find the first four terms in each sequence.**

17)  $a_n = \frac{2n+1}{n^3}$

18)  $a_n = 3^{n-1}$

19)  $a_n = (2n)^2$

20)  $a_n = -2^{n-1}$

21)  $a_n = n^2 + 1$

22)  $a_n = \frac{n^3}{2n+1}$

**Find the tenth term in each sequence.**

23)  $a_n = \frac{2n+1}{n^3}$

24)  $a_n = 4^{n-1}$

$$25) \ a_n = 28 + 5n$$

$$26) \ a_n = n^2$$

$$27) \ a_n = (2n)^2$$

$$28) \ a_n = (2n - 1)^2$$

**Find the first four terms in each sequence.**

$$29) \ a_n = a_{n-1} + 10 \\ a_1 = 29$$

$$30) \ a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 2 \\ a_1 = -1$$

$$31) \ a_n = a_{n-1} + 4 \\ a_1 = 36$$

$$32) \ a_n = a_{n-1} + n \\ a_1 = 6$$

$$33) \ a_n = a_{n-1} + n \\ a_1 = -4$$

$$34) \ a_n = \frac{2 + a_{n-1}}{2} \\ a_1 = 10$$

**Find the tenth term in each sequence.**

$$35) \ a_n = a_{n-1} + n \\ a_1 = 8$$

$$36) \ a_n = n a_{n-1} \\ a_1 = -1$$

$$37) \ a_n = a_{n-1} + 10 \\ a_1 = 11$$

$$38) \ a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3 \\ a_1 = -3$$

$$39) \ a_n = \frac{2 + a_{n-1}}{2} \\ a_1 = -14$$

$$40) \ a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot -2 \\ a_1 = -3$$

**Write the explicit formula for each sequence.**

$$41) \ -12, -9, -6, -3, 0, \dots$$

$$42) \ -6, -3, -2, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{6}{5}, \dots$$

**Write the recursive formula for each sequence.**

$$43) \ 2, 4, 7, 11, 16, \dots$$

$$44) \ 15, 215, 415, 615, 815, \dots$$

**Introduction to Sequences****Find the next three terms in each sequence.**

1)  $1, -3, 9, -27, 81, \dots$   
 $-243, 729, -2187$

3)  $0, 3, 8, 15, 24, \dots$   
 $35, 48, 63$

5)  $4, 16, 36, 64, 100, \dots$   
 $144, 196, 256$

7)  $5, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{16}, \dots$   
 $\frac{5}{32}, \frac{5}{64}, \frac{5}{128}$

2)  $9, 109, 209, 309, 409, \dots$   
 $509, 609, 709$

4)  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{32}, \dots$   
 $\frac{3}{32}, \frac{7}{128}, \frac{1}{32}$ ; Note:  $a_n = \frac{n}{2^n}$

6)  $14, 34, 54, 74, 94, \dots$   
 $114, 134, 154$

8)  $-9, 101, -999, 10001, -99999, \dots$   
 $1000001, -999999, 100000001$

**Find the tenth term in each sequence.**

9)  $-1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, 4, \frac{17}{3}, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = 14$

11)  $-2, -6, -18, -54, -162, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = -39366$

13)  $-4, 12, -36, 108, -324, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = 78732$

15)  $-28, 172, 372, 572, 772, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = 1772$

10)  $-2, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{6}{5}, -1, -\frac{6}{7}, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = -\frac{1}{2}$

12)  $-23, -18, -13, -8, -3, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = 22$

14)  $-6, -2, 0, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = \frac{127}{64}$

16)  $37, 46, 55, 64, 73, \dots$   
 $a_{10} = 118$

**Find the first four terms in each sequence.**

17)  $a_n = \frac{2n+1}{n^3}$   
 $3, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{7}{27}, \frac{9}{64}$

19)  $a_n = (2n)^2$   
 $4, 16, 36, 64$

21)  $a_n = n^2 + 1$   
 $2, 5, 10, 17$

18)  $a_n = 3^{n-1}$   
 $1, 3, 9, 27$

20)  $a_n = -2^{n-1}$   
 $-1, -2, -4, -8$

22)  $a_n = \frac{n^3}{2n+1}$   
 $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{27}{7}, \frac{64}{9}$

**Find the tenth term in each sequence.**

23)  $a_n = \frac{2n+1}{n^3}$   
 $a_{10} = \frac{21}{1000}$

24)  $a_n = 4^{n-1}$   
 $a_{10} = 262144$

$$25) a_n = 28 + 5n$$

$$a_{10} = 78$$

$$27) a_n = (2n)^2$$

$$a_{10} = 400$$

Find the first four terms in each sequence.

$$29) a_n = a_{n-1} + 10$$

$$a_1 = 29$$

$$29, 39, 49, 59$$

$$31) a_n = a_{n-1} + 4$$

$$a_1 = 36$$

$$36, 40, 44, 48$$

$$33) a_n = a_{n-1} + n$$

$$a_1 = -4$$

$$-4, -2, 1, 5$$

$$26) a_n = n^2$$

$$a_{10} = 100$$

$$28) a_n = (2n-1)^2$$

$$a_{10} = 361$$

Find the tenth term in each sequence.

$$35) a_n = a_{n-1} + n$$

$$a_1 = 8$$

$$a_{10} = 62$$

$$37) a_n = a_{n-1} + 10$$

$$a_1 = 11$$

$$a_{10} = 101$$

$$39) a_n = \frac{2 + a_{n-1}}{2} \quad a_{10} = \frac{63}{32}$$

$$a_1 = -14$$

$$30) a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 2$$

$$a_1 = -1$$

$$-1, -2, -4, -8$$

$$32) a_n = a_{n-1} + n$$

$$a_1 = 6$$

$$6, 8, 11, 15$$

$$34) a_n = \frac{2 + a_{n-1}}{2}$$

$$a_1 = 10$$

$$10, 6, 4, 3$$

Find the explicit formula for each sequence.

$$41) -12, -9, -6, -3, 0, \dots \quad a_n = -15 + 3n$$

$$36) a_n = na_{n-1}$$

$$a_1 = -1$$

$$a_{10} = -3628800$$

$$38) a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3$$

$$a_1 = -3$$

$$a_{10} = -59049$$

$$40) a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot -2$$

$$a_1 = -3$$

$$a_{10} = 1536$$

Write the recursive formula for each sequence.

$$43) 2, 4, 7, 11, 16, \dots \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + n$$

$$a_1 = 2$$

$$42) -6, -3, -2, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{6}{5}, \dots \quad a_n = -\frac{6}{n}$$

Write the recursive formula for each sequence.

$$44) 15, 215, 415, 615, 815, \dots \quad a_n = a_{n-1} + 200$$

$$a_1 = 15$$